МИНИСТЕРСТВО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ И НАУКИ РФ

Автономная некоммерческая образовательная организация высшего образования «Кубанский социально-экономический институт (КСЭИ)»

Рабочая программа дисциплины (модуля)

Иностранный язык

Направление подготовки - 40.03.01. Юриспруденция

Направленность: государственно-правовая, гражданско-правовая, уголовноправовая

Квалификация (степень) выпускника - бакалавр

Форма обучения: заочная

Составитель: Григоренко Ирина Николаевна, доктор филол.наук, профессор ВАК

Рецензент: Цуприкова Оксана Владимировна, зав. кафедрой иностранных языков, КВВУ им.С.М.Штеменко, кандидат педагогических наук, доцент

РПД обсуждена и утверждена на заседании кафедры иностранных языков, протокол № 1 от 30 августа 2018 года.

1. Цели освоения дисциплины

Целями освоения дисциплины «Иностранный язык» является:

- дальнейшее развитие иноязычной коммуникативной компетенции (речевой, языковой, социокультурной, компенсаторной, учебно-познавательной):
- речевая компетенция совершенствование коммуникативных умений в четырех основных видах речевой деятельности (говорении, аудировании, чтении и письме); умений планировать свое речевое и неречевое поведение;
- языковая компетенция овладение новыми языковыми средствами в соответствии с отобранными темами и сферами общения: увеличение объема используемых лексических единиц; развитие навыков оперирования языковыми единицами в коммуникативных целях;
- социокультурная компетенция увеличение объема знаний о социокультурной специфике страны/стран изучаемого языка, совершенствование умений строить свое речевое и неречевое поведение адекватно этой специфике, формирование умений выделять общее и специфическое в культуре родной страны и страны изучаемого языка;
- компенсаторная компетенция дальнейшее развитие умений объясняться в условиях дефицита языковых средств при получении и передаче иноязычной информации;
- учебно-познавательная компетенция развитие общих и специальных учебных умений, позволяющих совершенствовать учебную деятельность по овладению иностранным языком, удовлетворять с его помощью познавательные интересы в других областях знания;
- развитие и воспитание способности и готовности к самостоятельному и непрерывному изучению иностранного языка, дальнейшему самообразованию с его помощью, использованию иностранного языка в других областях знаний; способности к самооценке через наблюдение за собственной речью на родном и иностранном языках; личностному самоопределению в отношении будущей профессии; социальная адаптация; формирование качеств гражданина и патриота.

2. Перечень планируемых результатов обучения по дисциплине (модулю), соотнесенных с планируемыми результатами освоения образовательной программы (компетенции, знания, умения, навыки)

Шифр компетенции и расшифровка	Знать	Уметь	Владеть
ОК – 5 - способность к коммуникации в устной и письменной формах на русском и иностранном языках для	 фонетический, лексический, грамматический строй языка; культуру и традиции стран изучения иностранного языка; правила речевого этикета; 	использовать иностранный язык в межличностном общении	- навыками чтения, аудирования, коммуникации, письма в межличностном общении

решения задач межличностного и межкультурного взаимодействия ОПК- 7 владеть необходимыми основными навыками профессионального общения на иностранном языке	 1200 лексических единиц общего и терминологического характера - значения новых лексических единиц, связанных с профессиональным общением; - формирование и структуру текстов, построенных на языковом материале профессионального общения, в том числе инструкции и нормативные документы, соответствующие 	— использовать иностранный язык профессиональной деятельности	- навыками чтения, аудирования, коммуникации, письма в профессиональной области, методами и способами получения информации из зарубежных источников
	направлению подготовки		

3. Место дисциплины в структуре ООП:

Блок 1. Дисциплины (модули)	Дисциплина базовой части

4. Объем дисциплины (модуля) в зачетных единицах с указанием количества академических или астрономических часов, выделенных на контактную работу обучающихся с преподавателем (по видам учебных занятий) и на самостоятельную работу обучающихся

Заочная форма Набор 2014 года

3ET	Часов	Конта	актная работа об	учающегося	Самостоятельная	Формы
	академических		с преподавате	елем	работа	контроля,
		Лекции	Семинары,	Консультации		семестр
			практические,	-		
			лабораторные			
2	72	-	10	-	58	Зачет / 7
						Контрольная
						работа / 7

5. Содержание дисциплины (модуля), структурированное по темам (разделам) с указанием отведенного на них количества академических часов и видов учебных занятий по каждой форме обучения

Заочная форма Набор 2014 года

Nº	Тема (раздел) дисциплины	Академические часы	Вид учебного занятия
1	**Topic: We study at the Institute. **Grammar, Lexis & Pronunciation: Verb. Indicative Mood, Imperative Mood. Tenses: Simple. General rules of vowels & consonants pronunciation. (vowels in positions 1, 2); (*Speech Activities: Introductions and Greetings.)	2	Лаб.
2	Topic: Communicating with People Grammar, Lexis & Pronunciation: Verb. Indicative Mood, Imperative Mood. Tenses: Simple, Continuous. Nouns, Numerals, General rules of vowels & consonants pronunciation. (vowels in position 3) stressed position before letter "r". vowels in 4 position (vowel + re, two vowels + r). Speech Activities: Meeting People	2	Лаб.
3	Topic: Essentials of Business Communication. Grammar, Lexis & Pronunciation: Verb. Indicative Mood, Tenses: Simple, Continuous. Nouns, Numerals, Adjectives, Adverbs, Pronouns. General rules of vowels & consonants pronunciation. vowels in 4 position (vowel + re, two vowels + r). Speech Activities: Meet Conference Attendees	2	Лаб.
4	Topic: Work and Leisure; Planning. Grammar, Lexis & Pronunciation: Constructions "there +be"; Perfect Tenses. Prepositions. Word combinations: suffixes – er (-or); - tion (- ion); - ly; prefixes –un, in, im. Speech Activities: Description. Requests. Apologies. Agreement. Disagreement	2	Лаб.
5	Topic: English Speaking Countries. Magna Carta. Grammar, Lexis & Pronunciation: Simple Tenses, Active, Passive Wordbuilding: Word combinations: 1)affixes; 2)suffixes –ion, -ment; 3)prefixes –in, -un. Speech Activities: Function of Law.	2	Лаб.

Зачет		
Итого	10	

6. Фонд оценочных средств для проведения промежуточной аттестации обучающихся по дисциплине (модулю)

6.1. Перечень компетенций с указанием этапов их формирования в процессе освоения дисциплины

иностранн	ом языках для	Шифр компетенции и ее содержание икации в устной и письменной формах на русском и решения задач межличностного и межкультурного
взаимодеи	ствия (ОК-5);	
Этап 1	Знать	- значения новых лексических единиц, связанных с тематикой данного курса , предусматривающего соответствующие ситуации общения;
		 структуру текстов, построенных на языковом материале повседневного и общепрофессионального общения, в том числе инструкции и нормативные документы, соответствующие направлениям подготовки;
Этап 2	Уметь	 использовать иностранный язык в межличностном общении
Этап 3	Навыки и (или) опыт деятельности – Владеть	Говорение: — вести диалог, используя аргументацию, эмоциональнооценочные средства; — рассуждать, объяснять, отстаивать свою точку зрения в связи с изученной проблематикой прочитанных/прослушанных текстов, видео; описывать события, излагать факты, содержание, делать сообщения; Аудирование:
		– понимать относительно полно (общий смысл) высказывания на изучаемом иностранном языке в различных ситуациях общения;

	Чтение:
	- читать аутентичные тексты разных стилей (публицистические, художественные, научно-популярные и технические), используя основные виды чтения (ознакомительное, изучающее, просмотровое/поисковое) в зависимости от коммуникативной задачи;
	Письменная речь
	 – описывать явления, события, излагать факты в письме личного и делового характера по представленным схемам.

		Шифр компетенции и ее содержание
- владеть но 7)	еобходимыми	навыками профессионального общения на иностранном языке (ОПК-
Этап 1	Знать	 различные типы речи (сообщение, рассказ), расположение в них значимой /запрашиваемой информации. речевой этикет повседневного общения (представление, запрос и сообщение информации, выражение просьбы, согласия/несогласия и т.д.); структуру и лексическое наполнение сообщения монологического/ диалогического в рамках изученной тематики;
Этап 2	Уметь	 поддерживать диалог-расспрос общепрофессиональной тематики пользоваться разными видами чтения, при аудировании фиксировать необходимую информацию
Этап 3	Навыки и (или) опыт деятельности – Владеть	- разбирать электронную почту (электронные письма профессионального характера); -выполнять некоторые письменные проектные задания (письменное оформление профессионально-направленных переводов с английского языка, презентаций, коллажей, постеров, и т.д.) в том числе после просмотра сайтов Интернета, связанных с тематикой данной программы.

6.2. Описание показателей и критериев оценивания компетенций на различных этапах их формирования, описание шкал оценивания

- способность к коммуникации в устной и письменной формах на русском и иностранном языках для решения задач межличностного и межкультурного взаимодействия (ОК-5);

- владеть необходимыми навыками профессионального общения на иностранном языке (ОПК- 7).

Эт	Критер	Показатель		Шкала оп	енивания		Средство
ап	ий	оценивания	отлично	хорошо	удовлетвор	неудовлетв	оценивания
	оценив				ительно	орительно	
1.	ания Полнот	Потителя	Полное и	Постоточ	Цанаатат	Цополисс	Тестовые задания,
3н	а,	Пониман	адекватное	Достаточ	Недостат	Неполное	контрольные
ать	систем	ие	понимание	НО	ОНРО	/	работы
	ность,	общепро	професси	полное и	полное,	неадекват	-
	прочно	фессиона	онально-	адекватно	НО	ное	
	СТЬ	льных	направле	e	адекватно	понимание	
	знаний; обобще	деловых	нных	понимание професси	e	професси онально-	
	нность	текстов;	текстов;	онально-	понимание професси		
	знаний	использо	Полное и		онально-	направле	
		вание	адекватное	направле		нных	
		компенса	использо	нных	направле	текстов;	
		торных	вание	текстов;	нных	Неполное	
		умений,	компенса	Достаточ	текстов; Недостат	/	
		помогаю	торных	НО		неадекват	
		щих	умений,	полное и	ОНРО	ное	
		преодоле	помогаю	адекватно	полное,	использо	
		ть «сбои»	щих	e	НО	вание	
		В	преодоле	использо	адекватно	компенса	
		коммуник	ть «сбои»	вание	e	торных	
		ации,	В	компенса	использо	умений,	
		вызванны	коммуни	торных	вание	помогаю	
		e	кации,	умений,	компенса	ЩИХ	
		объектив	вызванны	помогаю	торных	преодоле	
		ными и	e	ЩИХ	умений,	ть «сбои»	
		субъектив	объектив	преодоле	помогаю	В	
		ными	ными и	ть «сбои»	щих	коммуни	
		социокул	субъекти	В	преодоле	кации,	
		ьтурными	вными	коммуни	ть «сбои»	вызванны	
		причинам	социокул	кации,	В	e	
		и;	ьтурными	вызванны	коммуни	объектив	
			причинам	e	кации,	ными и	
			и;	объектив	вызванны	субъекти	
				ными и	e	ВНЫМИ	
				субъекти	объектив	социокул	
				ВНЫМИ	ными и	ьтурными	
				социокул	субъекти	причинам	
				ьтурными	ВНЫМИ	и;	
				причинам	социокул		
				и;	ьтурными		
					причинам		
					и;		

2. Ум еть	Степен ь самосто ятельно сти выполн ения действи я; осознан ность выполн ения действи я; выполн ение действи я (умени я) в незнако мой ситуац ии	Самостоят ельно пользуетс я видами речевой деятельно сти на иностранн ом языке для решения задач общепроф ессиональ ного и межкульт урного взаимодей ствия	Совершенн о самостояте льно пользуетс я видами речевой деятельно сти на иностран ном языке для решения задач общепроф ессиональ ного и межкульт урного взаимоде йствия	Достаточно самостояте льно пользуетс я видами речевой деятельно сти на иностран ном языке для решения задач общепроф ессиональ ного и межкульт урного взаимоде йствия	Недостаточ но самостояте льно пользуетс я видами речевой деятельно сти на иностран ном языке для решения задач общепроф ессиональ ного и межкульт урного взаимоде йствия	Отсутствуе т самостояте льность и осознаннос ть использов ания видов речевой деятельно сти на иностран ном языке для решения задач общепроф ессиональ ного и межкульт урного взаимоде йствия	Задачи коммуникативной направленности(мо нологическое/диало гическое высказывание)
3. Вл аде ть	Ответ на вопрос ы, поставл енные препод авателе м; решени е задач; выполн ение практи ческих задач	Владеть приемами обще профессион ального и межкультур ного общения в межличност ном и межкультур ном взаимодейс твии.	Свободно владеет приемами обще профессион ального и межкульту рного общения в межличнос тном и межкульту рном взаимодейс твии.	Достаточно свободно владеет приемами обще профессион ального и межкульту рного общения; в межличнос тном и межкульту рном взаимодейс твии.	Недостаточ но свободно владеет приемами обще профессион ального и межкульту рного общения; в межличнос тном и межкульту рном взаимодейс твии.	Не владеет приемами обще профессион ального и межкульту рного общения; в межличнос тном и межкульту рном взаимодейс твии	Зачет

6.3. Типовые контрольные задания или иные материалы, необходимые для оценки знаний, умений, навыков и (или) опыта деятельности, характеризующих этапы формирования компетенций в процессе освоения образовательной программы

Компетенции: ОК-5, ОПК-7

Этапы формирования компетенции: 1,2 Средство оценивания: контрольная работа

Name	
Date	
Time	
Grammar. Lexis. Speech Activities	
Part One (12 Points)	
A- Reading Comprehension: (12 points)	
1)Complete the story. Use the words in the box.	
Bank robbery, foot, surrounded, manager, robber, money, sur	render, gun, officers, doc
	, ,
Last Friday afternoon, a bank (1) went to a ba	nk in Los Angeles He g
bank teller (кассир) a canvas bag, pointed a (2) at	her and said, "Give me the
! Hurry!" The teller put the money in the bag, but w	when the robber turned to
the teller pressed a silent alarm button with her (4)	. The alarm alerted the po
When the police arrived at the bank, the robber was in the lobby	. He was pointing his gui
bank (5) and his assistant. They both had their hand	ds up in the air. The polic
the bank and blocked the front door and the back d	
inside the bank. The police captain used a megaphone and told t	the robber to put down hi
and come our with his nands no in the c/1	k toduci said iio. He said
would never (8) While the cantain talked to the rol	hher two (9)
would never (8) While the captain talked to the role entered the bank from a secret (10) They arrested to	bber, two (9)the bank robber
would never (8) While the captain talked to the role entered the bank from a secret (10) They arrested to	bber, two (9) the bank robber/10
entered the bank from a secret (10) They arrested to	the bank robber/10
entered the bank from a secret (10) They arrested to	
entered the bank from a secret (10) They arrested to	the bank robber/10
entered the bank from a secret (10) They arrested to	
entered the bank from a secret (10) They arrested to	
2) Write the title to the story	
2) Write the title to the story	
2) Write the title to the story	
2) Write the title to the story	
2) Write the title to the story vo (19 Points) B Written Expression: Integration	
2) Write the title to the story They arrested to the story wo (19 Points) B Written Expression:Integration	
2) Write the title to the story o (19 Points) B Written Expression: Integration	
entered the bank from a secret (10) They arrested to a secret (10) They arrested to a secret (10) They arrested to a secret (10) 2) Write the title to the story 2) Write the correct form of the verbs in brackets. (14 points)	the bank robber
2) Write the title to the story They arrested to the story wo (19 Points) B Written Expression: Integration Write the correct form of the verbs in brackets. (14 points) 1) It (rain) at noon. 2) He (write) evidence every week. He is an investi	the bank robber
2) Write the title to the story They arrested to the story wo (19 Points) B Written Expression: Integration Write the correct form of the verbs in brackets. (14 points) 1) It (rain) at noon. 2) He (write) evidence every week. He is an investion (wear) a story of the wear) and the story of the week.	the bank robber
and come out with his hands up in the (7) The ban would never (8) While the captain talked to the role entered the bank from a secret (10) They arrested to entered the bank from a secret (10) They arrested	the bank robber

6) I _____ (read) from 7 till 9 o'clock yesterday.

		e policeman(wait)	for him outside.
8) Sam (work)			
9) At midnight last nigh	t he (not, be)) at work.	
10) Laws	(make) for the sake o	f man and society.	
11) There(be) 1	need for drawing a dis	tinction between crimes ar	nd those violations of law
which(not,be) cri			
12) I (not,world		e) on hoiday.	
		hen, she (go) ins	ide.
		(interview) suspects	
, , ,		/14	
4)Choose the correct for	rm of the pronoun in	brackets (5points)	
1) I want to know (1	ne, him, his) surna	me.	
2) What is (you, you			
3) She helps (me, m			
4) This house is (ou	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	,	
5) (she, her) room is		, my, mine).	
, (, ,		, , ,	/5
		Reading Compre	hension / 12
		•	
		Written Expression	
		Integration	/19
			TOTAL:/31
31-30	29-27	26-18	17-0
Excellent	Good	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory
			Try again!
			11, 454

Контрольная работа № 2

<i>Name</i>			
Date			
Time		 	

Grammar. Lexis. Speech Activities

A) Reading Comprehension: (9 points)

1) Read the following text and answer the questions below. (6 points)



Activity one: Match the people and the corresponding activities. (3 points Larry had a very strange day yesterday. Not only did he crossed the road in front of the moving car and was fined by the policeman but also he lost his wallet. He didn't know how it happened. Either somebody stole it while he was waiting for a bus or may be he simply forgot to take it. That's how his day started. Anyway, he began working as usual. He took out some papers from the drawer. Then, he accidentally knocked over the bottle of glue. The glue ruined all the documents on the desk. His boss screamed at him and all he could do was cry. After some time he pulled himself together and apologized for the mess.

Right after that, he was on his way to his office when he tripped over a book and almost broke his arm. His friend, Linda, saw it all and decided to bring him some coffee. It was too much for the poor man that day. He needed a break. When she made a cup of coffee for him, she took it into his office and put it on his desk. He wanted to take a sip when, to his surprise and horror, he noticed that there were false teeth in the cup. His friend, Linda, said later on that she did not know anything about it. Was it just bad luck or was somebody playing dirty tricks on him?

ESL-

library.com/grammar

- 1. Did Larry spend a nice day?
- 2. Why was he fined by the policeman?
- 3. Was he phoning when he damaged his documents?
- 4. What happened to his wallet?
- 5. Was he glad to have a cup of coffee?
- 6) What is the best title to the text?

2) Find in the text words that have the following definitions. (3 points)

1. Differing from the normal

2. Made excuse for a fault

3. Misfortune

B- Mastery of Language: (11 points)

3) Write the correct form of the verbs in brackets. (3 points)

- strange in his cup.

4) Change the following sentences to negative. (6 points)

- 1. Larry got good luck.
- 2. He was satisfied.
- 3. Larry was stopped by the policeman.
- 4. He broke his arm.
- 5. The policeman praised him.
- 6. His boss laughed at him.

5) Pick out from the text four (04) verbs and complete the table according to the

pronunciation of their final "ed". (2 points)

/ t /	/ d /	/ id /

C - Written Expression: Situation of Integration

Do you believe in Larry's bad luck or was somebody playing dirty tricks on him? Prove it in writing please (5points)

A- Reading Comprehension	/9
B- Mastery of Language:	/11
C- Written Expression:	
Situation of Integration	/ 5
TOTAL:	

25-24	23-20	19-14	13-0
Excellent	Good	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory
			Try again!

Контрольная работа № 3

<i>Name</i>	
Date	
Time	

Grammar. Lexis. Speech Activities

Part One (12 Points)

A- Reading Comprehension: (12 points)

1) Complete the story. Use the words in the box.

Last Friday afternoon, a bank (1) went to	o a hank in Los Angeles. He gave t
Last Friday afternoon, a bank (1) went to bank teller (кассир) a canvas bag, pointed a (2) ! Hurry!" The teller put the money in the bag,	at her and said, "Give me the (
the teller pressed a silent alarm button with her (4)	The alarm alerted the police
When the police arrived at the bank, the robber was in the	lobby. He was pointing his gun at
bank (5) and his assistant. They both had their	r hands up in the air. The police (6
the bank and blocked the front door and the b	
inside the bank. The police captain used a megaphone and	
and come out with his hands up in the (7) The would never (8) While the captain talked to the captain talked talk	the robber two (9)
entered the bank from a secret (10) They arre	ested the bank robber.
,	/10
2)Write the title to the story	(2 points)
-	
Suo (10 Doints)	
Swo (19 Points)	
B Written Expression:Integration	
B Written Expression:Integration	
B Written Expression:Integration 3) Write the correct form of the verbs in brackets. (14 point	ts)
3)Write the correct form of the verbs in brackets. (14 point	ts)
3)Write the correct form of the verbs in brackets. (14 points 1) It (rain) at noon.	
3) Write the correct form of the verbs in brackets. (14 points 1) It (rain) at noon. 2) He (write) evidence every week. He is an in	nvestigator.
3) Write the correct form of the verbs in brackets. (14 points 1) It (rain) at noon. 2) He (write) evidence every week. He is an in 3) Another suspect (come) in. She (week.)	nvestigator. ear) a hat.
1) It (rain) at noon. 2) He (write) evidence every week. He is an in 3) Another suspect (come) in. She (week. 4) At the end of May I (prepare) for my examinar	nvestigator. ear) a hat. tion.
1) It (rain) at noon. 2) He (write) evidence every week. He is an in 3) Another suspect (come) in. She (we determined the end of May I (prepare) for my examina 5) I (come) home early, (rest) from five	nvestigator. ear) a hat. tion.
1) It (rain) at noon. 2) He (write) evidence every week. He is an in 3) Another suspect (come) in. She (week. 4) At the end of May I (prepare) for my examinar	nvestigator. ear) a hat. tion.
1) It (rain) at noon. 2) He (write) evidence every week. He is an in 3) Another suspect (come) in. She (week) At the end of May I (prepare) for my examina 5) I (come) home early, (rest) from five whole evening. 6) I (read) from 7 till 9 o'clock yesterday. 7) While my defendant (speak) to the policeman_	nvestigator. ear) a hat. tion. e till six, and then (work (wait) for him outside.
1) It (rain) at noon. 2) He (write) evidence every week. He is an in 3) Another suspect (come) in. She (we determined to the end of May I (prepare) for my examina 5) I (come) home early, (rest) from five whole evening. 6) I (read) from 7 till 9 o'clock yesterday.	nvestigator. ear) a hat. tion. e till six, and then (work (wait) for him outside.
1) It (rain) at noon. 2) He (write) evidence every week. He is an in 3) Another suspect (come) in. She (week) At the end of May I (prepare) for my examina 5) I (come) home early, (rest) from five whole evening. 6) I (read) from 7 till 9 o'clock yesterday. 7) While my defendant (speak) to the policeman 8) Sam (work) in the street all day. He is a patrol 9) At midnight last night he (not, be) at work.	nvestigator. ear) a hat. tion. e till six, and then (work (wait) for him outside. man.
1) It (rain) at noon. 2) He (write) evidence every week. He is an in 3) Another suspect (come) in. She (week) At the end of May I (prepare) for my examina 5) I (come) home early, (rest) from five whole evening. 6) I (read) from 7 till 9 o'clock yesterday. 7) While my defendant (speak) to the policeman 8) Sam (work) in the street all day. He is a patrol 9) At midnight last night he (not, be) at work. 10) Laws (make) for the sake of man and so	nvestigator. ear) a hat. tion. e till six, and then (work (wait) for him outside. man.
1) It (rain) at noon. 2) He (write) evidence every week. He is an in 3) Another suspect (come) in. She (week) At the end of May I (prepare) for my examina 5) I (come) home early, (rest) from five whole evening. 6) I (read) from 7 till 9 o'clock yesterday. 7) While my defendant (speak) to the policeman 8) Sam (work) in the street all day. He is a patrol 9) At midnight last night he (not, be) at work. 10) Laws (make) for the sake of man and so 11) There (be) need for drawing a distinction between the correct form of the verbs in brackets. (14 points in brackets. (15 poin	nvestigator. ear) a hat. tion. e till six, and then (work (wait) for him outside. man.
1) It (rain) at noon. 2) He (write) evidence every week. He is an in 3) Another suspect (come) in. She (we determined the end of May I (prepare) for my examina 5) I (come) home early, (rest) from five whole evening. 6) I (read) from 7 till 9 o'clock yesterday. 7) While my defendant (speak) to the policeman 8) Sam (work) in the street all day. He is a patrol 9) At midnight last night he (not, be) at work. 10) Laws (make) for the sake of man and so 11) There (be) need for drawing a distinction between the correct form of the verbs in brackets. (14 points (work) at noon. (make) for the sake of man and so 11) There (be) need for drawing a distinction between the correct form of the verbs in brackets. (14 points (work) at noon.	nvestigator. ear) a hat. tion. e till six, and then (work (wait) for him outside. man. ciety. veen crimes and those violations o
1) It (rain) at noon. 2) He (write) evidence every week. He is an in 3) Another suspect (come) in. She (week) At the end of May I (prepare) for my examina 5) I (come) home early, (rest) from five whole evening. 6) I (read) from 7 till 9 o'clock yesterday. 7) While my defendant (speak) to the policeman 8) Sam (work) in the street all day. He is a patrol 9) At midnight last night he (not, be) at work. 10) Laws (make) for the sake of man and so 11) There (be) need for drawing a distinction betwee which (not, be) criminal. 12) I (not, work) today I (be) on hoiday	nvestigator. ear) a hat. tion. e till six, and then (work (wait) for him outside. man. ciety. veen crimes and those violations o
1) It (rain) at noon. 2) He (write) evidence every week. He is an in 3) Another suspect (come) in. She (we determined the end of May I (prepare) for my examina 5) I (come) home early, (rest) from five whole evening. 6) I (read) from 7 till 9 o'clock yesterday. 7) While my defendant (speak) to the policeman 8) Sam (work) in the street all day. He is a patrol 9) At midnight last night he (not, be) at work. 10) Laws (make) for the sake of man and so 11) There (be) need for drawing a distinction between the correct form of the verbs in brackets. (14 points (work) at noon. (make) for the sake of man and so 11) There (be) need for drawing a distinction between the correct form of the verbs in brackets. (14 points (work) at noon.	nvestigator. ear) a hat. tion. e till six, and then (work (wait) for him outside. man. ciety. veen crimes and those violations o (go) inside.

3) She helps (me, my4) This house is (our5) (she, her) room is	s, our).	•	
	`		/5
		Reading Compression Written Expression Integration	on:
			TOTAL:/ 31
31-30	29-27	26-18	17-0
Excellent	Good	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory Try again!
Date Time Grammar. Lexis. Speed Part One(22 Points)	h Activities	points)	
Working overtime,	faster, hours, machi	nes, money, schedule, boss	, fix, fixes, delivered
the maching the maching He is in charge of all the time. "Hi, Philip. Listen be shipped by Sature"?" says Lethours to (5) even further behind (6) Philip. "It might take me this week? That way we hours a day, and you'll	nes and he keeps the he factory workers. I he factory workers. I have a big orde arday afternoon. Car o. "I don't know. La_it," says Philip. "I have than three (7)e can keep the conversable time-and-a-ha	akes picture frames. Philip is conveyor belt moving. Lee Leo makes sure that orders or for 100,000 boxes of pictor you make the conveyor beast time we speeded it up, it remember that day very weah, and what if it breaks aga to fix it." "Okay yor belt and (8)	o is his (2) are (3) on ure frames. They need to elt move a little (4) t broke and it took three ell," says Leo. "It put us ain like last time?" asks . Can you work overtimerunning an extra three," says Leo. "Sure. I

2) Give corresponding verbs of the same root from the following words. The first is done for you. Translate them (12 points):

Noun, adjective	Verb	Translation
Government	govern	правительство,управлять
influential		
representative		
election		
head		
interests		
appointment		
trial		
recommendation		
composition		
dependent		
legislative		
punishment		

							/1	2

Part Two (16 Points)

C - Written Expression:Integration

3) Find sentences in the Passive Voice. Copy them out and translate into Russian (11 points)

- The first ten amendments to the U.S. Constitution are called the Bill of Rights.
 - They were added to the Constitution in 1791.
 - The Bill of Rights protects the most important freedoms and limits the power of the federal government.
 - The First Amendment includes freedom of
 - 1. Religion
 - 2. Speech
 - 3. Press
 - 4. Assembly
 - 5. Petition
 - Freedom of *Religion* means you can practice any religion you want or not practice a religion at all.
 - Freedom of *Speech* means the government can't stop people from saying what they think.
 - Freedom of *Press* means the government can't control what the media writes.
 - Freedom of *Assembly* means people can protest by having rallies or marches.
 - Freedom of *Petition* means people can request that the government change things.

		/1

4) Change the following sentences into interrogative (5points)

CIVICS FACTS OF THE BILL OF RIGHTS

- 1. Civics is the study of government and politics.
- 2. The Bill of Rights were added three years after the Constitution was ratified.
- 3. People were afraid the federal government would have too much power, so the Bill of Rights were added.
- 4. James Madison is known as the "Father of the Constitution" because he was the main writer of the Constitution and the Bill of Rights.
- 5. At first the Bill of Rights only applied to the federal government, but now it also applies to the states.

-	/5
A- Reading Comprehension	/ 10
B- Mastery of Language	/12
C- Written Expression:	
Situation of Integration	/ 16
TOTAL SCORE:	

38-37	36-34	33-28	27-0
Excellent	Good	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory Try again!

Вопросы к зачету в 7 семестре

Лексические темы

- We Study Law
- Life Long Learning; Higher Education.
- Work and Leasure
- Essentials of Business Comunication
- Leagal Professions and Legal Skills
- English Speaking Countries and Law Application
- Functions of Law
- State Power

Грамматические темы:

- Verb. Indicative Mood, Imperative Mood. Tenses: Simple, Perfect, Continuous.
- Nouns, Numerals, Adjectives, Adverbs, Pronouns.
- Constructions "there +be"; Perfect Tenses. *Prepositions*.
- Continues, Simple, Perfect Tenses. Past Simple: Negatives and Questions.
- Question forms.
- Word combinations

6.4. Методические материалы, определяющие процедуры

оценивания знаний, умений, навыков и (или) опыта деятельности, характеризующих этапы формирования компетенций

Компетенция: ОК-5, ОПК-7

Этап формирования компетенции: 3

Средство оценивания: зачет

Методика оценивания:

Оценка «зачтено» выставляется студенту, если:

- *В области аудирования*: воспринимает на слух и понимает основное содержание несложных тематических текстов, выделяет в них значимую /запрашиваемую информацию.
 - В области чтения: понимает основное содержание несложных текстов (информационного характера); выделяет в них значимую/запрашиваемую информацию.
 - В области говорения: начинает, поддерживает и заканчивает расспрос о прочитанном.
 - В области письма: выполняет некоторые письменные задания (письменное оформление переводов с английского языка, разбирает электронную почту, составляет эл. деловые письма, по определенным схемам пои т.д.), связанные с вышеуказанной тематикой.

Оценка «Не зачтено» -- знания не отвечают вышеуказанным критериям оценивания.

7. Перечень основной и дополнительной литературы, необходимой для освоения дисциплины (модуля)

А) Основная литература (находится в электронной библиотеке Znanium.com):

1. Горшенева И.А. Английский для юристов: Учебник для студентов вузов, обучающихся по специальности "Юриспруденция" / Горшенева И.А., Галаева М.Н., Гольцева О.Ю.; Под ред. Горшенева И.А., - 2-е изд., перераб. и доп. - М.:ЮНИТИ-ДАНА, 2015.

Б) Дополнительная литература

- 1. Бараник Е.В. Английский для юристов: Учебник для студентов вузов, обучающихся по специальности "Юриспруденция" / Лебедева А.А., Аксенова Г.Н., Бараник Е.В.; Под ред. Лебедева А.А. М.:ЮНИТИ-ДАНА, 2015.
- 2. Гальчук Л.М. Английский язык в научной среде: практикум устной речи: Учебное пособие / Гальчук Л.М. 2изд. М.: Вузовский учебник, НИЦ ИНФРА-М, 2016.
- 3. Лебедева Л.А. Английский язык для юристов. Предпринимательское право. Перевод контрактов: Учебное пособие для студентов вузов, обучающихся по специальности "Юриспруденция".
- 4. Маньковская З.В. Английский язык в ситуациях повседневного делового общения: Учебное пособие / З.В. Маньковская. М.: НИЦ Инфра-М, 2013. 223 с.

- 5. Попов Е.Б. Legal English: Check Yourself: Английский язык для юристов: Сборник тестовых заданий для студентов бакалавриата (с ключами): Учебное пособие / Попов Е.Б. М.:НИЦ ИНФРА-М, 2017. 142 с.
- 6. Шевелева С.А. Английский для юристов / Шевелева С.А., 2-е изд. М.:ЮНИТИ-ДАНА, 2015. 434 с
- 7. Шигаева Н.М. Essential English for Law (английский язык для юристов): Учебное пособие / Т.В. Сидоренко, Н.М. Шигаева. М.: НИЦ ИНФРА-М, 2014.

8.Перечень ресурсов информационно-телекоммуникационной сети «Интернет», необходимых для изучения дисциплины

- 1. http://www.lawyers.com
- 2. http://elt.oup.com/student/englishfile/beginner/a_grammar/file01/grammar01_c01?cc=global&selLanguage=en&mode=hub
- 3. http://elt.oup.com/student/englishfile/beginner/a_grammar/file02/grammar02_b01?cc=global&selLanguage=en&mode=hub
- 4. http://elt.oup.com/student/englishfile/beginner/d_practicalenglish/ef_elem_practicaleng0 5?cc=global&selLanguage=en&mode=hub
- 5. www.lawsociety.org.uk
- 6. www.ibanet.org
- 7. www.lawreports.co.uk
- 8. www.lexadin.nl/wlg/courts/nofr/courts.htm
- 9. www.parliament.uk
- 10. www.visitwales.com
- 11. http://www.cam.ac.uk/
- 12. http://www.harvard.edu/
- 13. http://www.law.harvard.edu/prospective/slideshow/campus-slideshow.html
- 14. www.**ted**.com
- 15. http://elt.oup.com/student/englishfile/beginner/a_grammar/file01/grammar01_c01?cc=global&selLanguage=en&mode=hub
- 16. http://elt.oup.com/student/englishfile/beginner/a_grammar/file02/grammar02_b01?cc=global&selLanguage=en&mode=hub
- 17. http://elt.oup.com/student/englishfile/beginner/d_practicalenglish/ef_elem_practicaleng0 5?cc=global&selLanguage=en&mode=hub
- 18. www.lawsociety.org.uk
- 19. www.ibanet.org
- 20. www.lawreports.co.uk;
- 21. www.lexadin.nl/wlg/courts/nofr/courts.htm
- 22. www.parliament.uk
- 23. www.visitwales.com
- 24. http://www.cam.ac.uk/

9. Перечень информационных технологий, используемых при осуществлении образовательного процесса по дисциплине (модулю), включая перечень программного обеспечения и информационных справочных систем (при необходимости)

- 1. Электронная информационно-образовательная среда вуза http://ksei.ru/eios/
- 2. 9EC Znanium.com http://znanium.com/
- 3. ЭБС Юрайт https://www.biblio-online.ru/
- 4. НЭБ Elibrary https://elibrary.ru
- 5. Библиотека КСЭИ http://ksei.ru/lib/
- 6. Справочная система Консультант Плюс (доступ в читальном зале библиотеки).
- 7. Лицензионные программы, установленные на компьютерах, доступных в учебном процессе:
- Microsoft Office Word 2007
- Microsoft Office Excel 2007
- Microsoft Office Power Point 2007
- Microsoft Office Access 2007
- Adobe Reader
- Google Chrome
- Mozilla Firefox
- Kaspersky Endpoint-Security 10

10. Описание материально-технической базы, необходимой для осуществления образовательного процесса по дисциплине (модулю)

Аудитории с доской, оборудованные посадочными местами не менее 30 человек. Кабинеты английского языка - ауд. 507,610, и др. оборудованные проектором, телевизором, страноведческими картами и постерами.

Медиа-средства, имеющиеся на кафедре (MP3-магнитофон, DVD-проигрыватель, ноутбук).

Лингафонный кабинет для проведения занятий по фонетике (лабораторный корпус ауд. 4).

11. Входной контроль знаний (не менее 3-х вариантов тестовых заданий с не менее 10-тью вопросами)

Входной контроль знаний, умений и навыков обучающихся проводится в начале изучения дисциплины (модуля) — на первом занятии и позволяет оценить качество подготовки обучающихся по предшествующим дисциплинам (модулям), изучение которых необходимо для успешного освоения указанной дисциплины (модуля), а также помочь в совершенствовании и актуализации методик преподавания дисциплин (модулей). Предшествующими выступают такие дисциплины, как: «Иностранный язык» общеобразовательных школ, лицеев, гимназий.

вариант 1		
Name		
Date		
Time		

Choose the right variant				
1. They their flat by 5 o'clock.				
a) have cleaned				
b) cleaned				
c) had cleaned.				
d) are cleaning				
2. My Granny a pensioner in three years				
a) has become				
b) will have become				
c) will become				
d) is				
 3. I choose books by It's a summary of the plot of the book. a) genre b) pictures c) the title d) the blurb 				
 4. I like to read about criminals, robbers and killers. I'm interested in a) detective story b) fantasy c) fairy tale d) history book 				
5. Itnow.				
a) hasn't rained				
b) wasn't raining				
c) doesn't rain				
d) isn't raining				

6. Sam ______ tennis for 2 hours. He is tired now

a) has played	
b) has been playin	g
c) was playing	
d) had played	
7. She	_ the living room when she heard a strange noise in the kitchen
a)has cleaned	
b)has been clean	ing
c)cleaned	
d)was cleaning	
8. I envy you. At Greece.	a five tomorrow you some tan on a nice beach in
a)will get	
b) will have been	n getting
c)will have gotte	n
d) will be getting	·

Change into the Passive Voice

Model: They will get tickets in the box- office tomorrow.

The tickets will be got by them in the box-office tomorrow

- 9. I will buy this book tomorrow.
- 10. Many people need a lawyer.
- 11. We must introduce the members of the team.
- 12. Mum baked the cake yesterday

Key: 1.a; 2.c; 3.d; 4.a; 5. d; 6.b; 7b; 8d. 9. This book will be bought by me tomorrow; 10. A lawyer is needed by many people.11. The members of the team must be introduced by us; 12. The cake was baked by mum yesterday;

Вариант 2

Name Date
Time
Choose the right variant
1. I'm keen on detective stories. I readat the institute at home. a)either or b) bothand c) neither nor d) both or
2. I haven't got a lot of books at home. So I borrow books from thea) shop b) museum c) library d) bank
3. You arrived two days ago. You are going to leave next Sunday. By the time you leave, younine days here.
a)spend
b)have spent
c)will spend
d) will have spent
4. Where is he? I for him since three o'clock!
a)am waiting
b)have been waiting
c)was waiting
d)had been waiting
5. I went to Belgium last month. I there before. It's a beautiful country.
a)have never been
b)had never been
c)never was
d)never been
6. Detective stories bored me toa) love b) death c) health d) interest
7. Sometimes I readbecause the plot of the books is scaring, but thrilling. a) romances b) fairy tales c) horror stories d) documents
8. The main are vampires, witches, ghosts.

a) members b) problems c) ideas d) characters

Change into the Passive Voice

Model: They bought us some newspapers. Some newspapers were bought to us. We were bought some newspapers.

- 9. She showed them a new picture.
- 10 .He wrote a play in 2016.
- 11. They will buy tickets in the box- office tomorrow.
- 12 Big law firms prefer specialists from the well-known schools.

Key: 1.b; 2.c; 3.d; 4.b; 5. a; 6.b; 7c; 8d. 9. A new picture was shown to them by her/ They were shown a new picture by her; 10. The play was written by him in 2016;11. The tickets will be bought in the box-office by them tomorrow. 12. Specialists from well-known schools are preferred by big law firms.

Вариант 3	
Name	
Date	
Time	
Choose the right variant	
1. A. Christie	more than seventy novels.
a) wrote	
b) has written	
c) had written	
d) was writing	

2. Ithis detective story when I was in the secondary school.
a) read b) have read c)was reading d) had read
 3. My favourite is Sir Arthur Conan Doyle. a) book b) author c) genre d) character
4. Who in the kitchen? It smells tasty.
a) is cooking
b) cooks
c)has been cooking
d)cooked
5. Where is John? – He his car in the garage.
a)repairs
b)is repairing
c)has repaired
d)repaired
6. I love this film. I it four or five times already.
a)see
b)have seen
c)saw
d)had seen
7. Ithe book you gave me but my sister hasn't finished it yet.
a) have read;
b) had read;
c) have been reading
d)read
8. You work at the law clinic. How longyouthere?
a) have been working; b) had worked c)areworking d) were working

Change into the Passive Voice

Model: They presented a new book yesterday A new book was presented by them yesterday

- 9. Federal judges fulfill two kinds of functions.
- 10. Private law deals with the rights and obligations people
- 11.Law fixes the forms of administrative system
- 12. The law establishes the rules

Name

Key: 1.a; 2.d; 3.b; 4.a; 5. b; 6.b; 7a; 8a. 9. Two kinds of functions are fulfilled by federal judges; 10. The rights and obligations of people are dealt with by private law;11. The forms of administrative system are fixed by law; 12. The rules are established by the law.

12. Проверка остаточных знаний (не менее 5-ти вариантов тестовых заданий с не менее 10-тью вопросами)

Контроль наличия у обучающихся сформированных результатов обучения (знаний, умений и навыков) по настоящей дисциплине может быть проведен через 6-8 месяцев после завершения ее изучения. Данный контроль позволяет получить независимую оценку качества подготовки обучающихся. Формы контроля — компьютерное тестирование. Приведенный ниже материал внесен в соответствующее программное средство.

Вариант 1

Date	
Time	
Law has its origins in the early developmajor influences on the laws that we	lopments of civilized society, and through time there have been bllow today.
A Match these sources of law with	he descriptions below.
Common law	Roman law

The Ten Commandments

, which evolved in the 8th century BC, was still largely a $\overline{\text{blend}}$ of $\overline{\text{custom}}$ and interpretation by magistrates of the will of the gods.

Napoleonic Code

		evolved from the tribal and local laws in England. It
bega	an with	common customs, but over time it involved the courts in lawmaking that was responsive
to ch	nanges i	n society. In this way the Anglo- Norman rulers created a system of centralized courts
that	operate	d under a single set of laws that replaced the rules laid down by earlier societies.
also	be four	formed thebasis of all Israelitelegislation. They can and in the laws of other ancient peoples.
		refersto the entire body of Frenchlaw, contained in dealing with civil, commercial, and criminal law.
В	Are t	he following sentences about the sources of law true or false?
1	The	Ten Commandments are based on moral standards of behaviour.
2	In co	mmon law, judges resolve disputes by referring to statutory principles arrived at in advance.
3		an law is based on the principle of deciding cases by reference to previous judicial decisions r than to written statutes drafted by legislative bodies.
4		Napoleonic Code was introduced into a number of European countries, notably Belgium,
	wher	e it is still in force. It also became the model for the civil codes of Quebec Province in da, the Netherlands, Italy, Spain, some Latin American republics, and the state of Louisiana
Eve	ry area	of English has its own specialist use of prepositions. Law is no
exce	eption.	
		Вариант 2
		- ·· F ······· -
Nan Date		
Dan Tim		
1 1111	£	
A	Below a	are some typical legal phrases. What preposition do you use with the following phrases?
	1	to accuse someone something
	2	to be liable something
	3	to sentence someonea punishment
	4	to claim damages something
		to be entitled compensation
	5	
	6	to bring a case someone
	7	to be guilty an offence
	8	to fine someonesomething
R	Now co	mplete the following texts with the above phrases. Use each phrase once in the past tense.
D		mpiete the following texts with the above phrases. Ose each phrase once in the past tense. e one word in each gap.
	1	In Court 1, the Police Prosecutor <i>accused</i> Mary Philips
		disorderly behaviour. A number of witnesses
		were called to give evidence. Finally, the magistrate decided
		that Philipsthe charge
		but did notherprison. Instead, he
		her behaviour.

2	In Court 2, John Peters	
	his employer. He	
	a serious injury atwork.Thejudgedecide	ed that
	his employer	the injury
	and ruled that Peters	
	substantial damages.	
	KEY:	
A 1 of	5 to	
1 of 2 for	6 agains 7 of	
3 to 4 for	7 of 8 for	
В		
1 accuse 2 brough	d, of, was guilty of, sentence, to, fined, for ht a case against, claimed damages for, was liable for	or, was entitled to
	Вариант 3	
Name		
<i>Time</i>		

Below are 14 crimes. Firstly, link each crime to its definition and then classify each crime as violent (V) or non-violent (NV).

V or NV	Name of crime	Definition of crime
	assault-—	a generic term for the killing of another person
	drug dealing \	any instance in which one party deceives or takes unfair advantage of another
V	money ' laundering	- attempt to use illegal force on another person
	battery	attempt to use illegal force on another person in the absence of consent to sexual relations
	homicide	attempt to transform illegally acquired money into apparently legitimate money
	manslaughter	driving a vehicle in excess of the permitted limit
	fraud	leaving one's vehicle in an area or for a duration in contravention of the law
	murder	possession of and/or trading in illegal substances

armed robbery	taking the property of another without right or permission
sexual assault	the actual use of illegal force on another person
burglary	the crime of breaking into a private home with the intention of committing a felony
theft	the unlawful killing of a person with intent
parking	the unlawful killing of a person without malicious intent and therefore without premeditation
speeding	the unlawful taking of another's property using a dangerous weapon

KEY:

V or NV	Name of crime assault	Definition of crime attempt to use illegal force on another person
NV	drug dealing	possession of and/or trading in illegal substances
NV	money laundering	attempt to transform illegally acquired money into apparently legitimate money
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NV	fraud	any instance in which one party deceives or takes unfair advantage of another
V	murder	the unlawful killing of a person with intent
V	armed robbery	
V	sexual assault	the unlawful taking of another's property using a dangerous weapon attempt to use illegal force on another person in the absence of consent to sexual relations
NV	burglary	the crime of breaking into a private home with the intention of committing a felony
NV	theft	taking the property of another without right or permission
NV	parking	leaving one's vehicle in an area or for a duration in contravention of the law
NV	speeding	driving a vehicle in excess of the permitted limit

Вариант 4

Name	
Date	
Time	

Workplace (1) sa	fety (safe) and (2)	(h	ealthy)		
	sic standards aimed at	reducing the number of (3)		(4)	(injure)
		ces. Because most workplace	safety		
(6)	(regulate) rely fo	or their effectiveness on emplo	oyees		
who are willing to	o report job (7)	(dangerous), m	ostlaws		
-	loyers from firing or d to proper authorities.	iscriminating against employe	es who	report (8)	(safe)
Workers' compen	sation laws are design	ed to ensure that employees			
who are (9)	(injure)	or (10)(disa	able)		
on the job are pro	ovided with fixed (IT)	(money)			
awards, eliminati	ng the need for litigati	on. These laws also provide			
benefits for (12)_	(de	pend) of those (13)			
(work) who are k	illed because of work-	related accidents or illnesses.			
		(protect) for emplo	yers		
		ount an injured employee can			
(15)	(recovery) from	an employerand by elimin	nating		
the (10)					
Vove					
Key:					
1 safety	9 injured				
1 safety 2 health 3 illnesses	10 disabled				
4 injuries	11 monetary 12 dependants				
5 deaths	13 workers				
6 regulations	14 protection 15 recover				
7 dangers 8 unsafe	15 recover 16 liability				
8 unsaic	16 haomty				
		Вариант 5			
		Барнант 3			
Name					
Date					
Time					
A A number	of agencies organiz	zations and individuals are	involve	d in the	administration of
	The most importan		, 01, 0	III (III)	
•	the police	• the magistrate	e • the	prosecuto	or
•	the suspect	• the defence counsel			⁄ -
÷	THE SUSPECT	* 1110 OCTOROG COURSEL	- 1110	เนนะเ	

• the jury Draw lines to combine the two halves of the sentences to describe the functions of each.

Who	What
The police interrogate	arrests, searches, and seizures.
The police carry out \	on the sentence to be imposed.
The magistrate sometimes conducts \	over the court.
The prosecutor conducts	suspects and witnesses.
The suspect has the right	the case in court on behalf of the police.
The suspect is innocent	the investigation in cases of serious criminal offence.
The defence counsel assists	the suspect from violations of his rights at the hands of law- enforcement personnel.

B
1 False 5 False
2 True 6 True
3 True 7 True

The defence counsel protects	the suspect in gathering exonerating evidence.
The judge presides	to remain silent.
The judge decides	until proved guilty.
The jury decides	whether the accused is guilty or not.

4 True 8 False KEY:

A

The police interrogate suspects and witnesses.

The police carry out arrests, searches, and seizures.

The magistrate sometimes conducts the investigation in cases of serious criminal offences.

The prosecutor conducts the case in court on behalf of the police.

The suspect has the right to remain silent.

The suspect is innocent until proved guilty.

The defence counsel assists the suspect in gathering exonerating evidence.

The defence counsel protects the suspect from violations of his rights at the hands of law-enforcement personnel. The judge presides over the court.

The judge decides on the sentence to be imposed.

The jury decides whether the accused is guilty or not.